

# Manley-Rowe relations

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September 29, 2014

# Introduction

Let us consider 3 waves at  $\omega_1, \omega_2, \omega_3$

$$\mathcal{E}_j(z, t) = \hat{\mathbf{e}}_j A_j(z, \omega_j) e^{i(k_j z - \omega_j t)} + C.C \quad \text{with } j = 1, 2, 3$$

$$\omega_1 + \omega_2 = \omega_3$$

Assumption: isotropic medium

$\hat{\mathbf{s}}$  is parallel to the wave vector direction  $\hat{\mathbf{k}}$

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$$\begin{cases} \frac{dA_1}{dz} = \frac{i\omega_1}{n_1 c} \hat{\mathbf{e}}_1 \chi_{\equiv}^{(2)}(\omega_3, -\omega_2) \hat{\mathbf{e}}_3 \hat{\mathbf{e}}_2 A_3 A_2^* e^{i\Delta kz} \\ \frac{dA_2}{dz} = \frac{i\omega_2}{n_2 c} \hat{\mathbf{e}}_2 \chi_{\equiv}^{(2)}(\omega_3, -\omega_1) \hat{\mathbf{e}}_3 \hat{\mathbf{e}}_1 A_3 A_1^* e^{i\Delta kz} \\ \frac{dA_3}{dz} = \frac{i\omega_3}{n_3 c} \hat{\mathbf{e}}_3 \chi_{\equiv}^{(2)}(\omega_1, \omega_2) \hat{\mathbf{e}}_1 \hat{\mathbf{e}}_2 A_1 A_2 e^{-i\Delta kz} \end{cases}$$

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with  $\Delta k = k_3 - k_1 - k_2$

# Energy exchanges

Energy density in the nonlinear medium  $N\hbar\omega = Nh\frac{c}{\lambda} = |S| = 2\epsilon_0 cn|A|^2$

$$\frac{d|A_j|^2}{dz} = \frac{dA_j}{dz}A_j^* + \frac{dA_j^*}{dz}A_j = \frac{hc}{\lambda} \frac{1}{2\epsilon_0 cn} \frac{dN_j}{dz} \quad (1)$$

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Photon density evolution at  $\omega_3$

$$\frac{dN_3}{dz} = \frac{2\epsilon_0 n_3 \lambda}{h} \frac{i\omega_3}{n_3 c} \hat{\mathbf{e}}_3 \chi_{\equiv}^{(2)}(\omega_1, \omega_2) \hat{\mathbf{e}}_1 \hat{\mathbf{e}}_2 A_1 A_2 A_3^* e^{-i\Delta kz} + C.C.$$

$$\frac{dN_3}{dz} = \frac{2\epsilon_0}{\hbar} \hat{\mathbf{e}}_3 \chi_{\equiv}^{(2)}(\omega_1, \omega_2) \hat{\mathbf{e}}_1 \hat{\mathbf{e}}_2 \left( iA_1 A_2 A_3^* e^{-i\Delta kz} - iA_1^* A_2^* A_3 e^{i\Delta kz} \right)$$

# Photon density evolutions

$$\frac{dN_3}{dz} = \frac{-4\epsilon_0}{\hbar} \hat{\mathbf{e}}_3 \chi_{\equiv}^{(2)}(\omega_1, \omega_2) \hat{\mathbf{e}}_1 \hat{\mathbf{e}}_2 \mathcal{I}m (A_1 A_2 A_3^* e^{-i\Delta kz})$$



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Using full permutation symmetry,

$$\chi_{eff}^{(2)} = \hat{\mathbf{e}}_3 \chi_{\equiv}^{(2)}(\omega_1, \omega_2) \hat{\mathbf{e}}_1 \hat{\mathbf{e}}_2 = \hat{\mathbf{e}}_2 \chi_{\equiv}^{(2)}(\omega_3, -\omega_1) \hat{\mathbf{e}}_3 \hat{\mathbf{e}}_1 = \hat{\mathbf{e}}_1 \chi_{\equiv}^{(2)}(\omega_3, -\omega_2) \hat{\mathbf{e}}_3 \hat{\mathbf{e}}_2$$

## Total energy density

$$\frac{dN_2}{dz} = -\frac{dN_3}{dz} \text{ and } \frac{dN_1}{dz} = -\frac{dN_3}{dz}$$

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Energy conservation

# Manley-Rowe relations

$$\frac{d(N_1 - N_2)}{dz} = \frac{d(N_2 + N_3)}{dz} = \frac{d(N_1 + N_3)}{dz} = 0 \quad (2)$$

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The annihilation (resp. creation) of a photon at  $\omega_3$  is automatically associated with the creation (resp. annihilation) of one photon at  $\omega_1$  and one photon at  $\omega_2$ .