

Tutorial n°9: Stokes - Anti-Stokes coupling in Stimulated Raman Scattering

Solutions of the coupled equations:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dA_S}{dz} = g_S A_S - \frac{\omega_S}{2n_S c} \chi_{eff}^{(3)*} A_{AS}^2 e^{i\Delta k z} \\ \frac{dA_{AS}^*}{dz} = -g_{AS} A_{AS}^* + \frac{\omega_{AS}}{2n_{AS} c} \chi_{eff}^{(3)} A_S^2 e^{-i\Delta k z} \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

with $\Delta k = 2k_L - k_{AS} - k_S$

Solution for $A_S(z)$, seeking $A_L(z) = c e^{ik_L z}$ (undepleted pump)

\Rightarrow derivation of (1) $\Rightarrow \frac{d^2 A_S}{dz^2} \dots$

$$\hookrightarrow \boxed{\frac{d^2 A_S}{dz^2} + (g_{AS} - g_S - i\Delta k) \frac{dA_S}{dz} + i\Delta k g_S A_S = 0} \quad (2)$$

Seeking solutions of (2) on the form:

$$A_S(z) = a e^{\alpha_1 z} + b e^{\alpha_2 z}$$

with α_1, α_2 solutions of the eq.: $\alpha^2 + (g_{AS} - g_S - i\Delta k)\alpha + i\Delta k g_S = 0$ (3)

Discriminant of (3): $\Delta = \rho e^{i\varphi}$

with $\rho^2 = \left[(g_{AS} - g_S)^2 - \Delta k^2 \right]^2 + 4\Delta k^2 (g_{AS} + g_S)^2$

and $\varphi = \text{Arctan} \frac{2\Delta k (g_{AS} + g_S)}{\Delta k^2 - (g_{AS} - g_S)^2}$ (if $g_{AS} - g_S > \Delta k$)

(a) $\varphi = \pi + \text{Arctan} \frac{2\Delta k (g_{AS} + g_S)}{\Delta k^2 - (g_{AS} - g_S)^2}$ (if $g_{AS} - g_S < \Delta k$)

Boundary conditions:

$$A_S(0) = c^{-1/2} \text{ and } \left. \frac{dA_S}{dz} \right|_{z=0} = g_S A_S(0)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{A_S(z)}{A_S(0)} = \frac{g_S - r_2}{r_1 - r_2} e^{r_1 z} + \frac{r_1 - g_S}{r_1 - r_2} e^{r_2 z}$$

$$\text{with } \begin{cases} r_1 = \frac{1}{2} [g_S - g_{AS} + i\Delta k + \sqrt{(\omega \Psi/2 + i \sin \Psi/2)}] \\ r_2 = \frac{1}{2} [g_S - g_{AS} + i\Delta k - \sqrt{(\omega \Psi/2 + i \sin \Psi/2)}] \end{cases}$$

Determination of $\frac{I_S(z)}{I_S(0)} = \frac{|A_S(z)|^2}{|A_S(0)|^2}$??

$$\frac{A_S(z)}{A_S(0)} = \frac{e^{-i\psi/2}}{\sqrt{c}} \left[(g_S - r_2) e^{r_1 z} + (r_1 - g_S) e^{r_2 z} \right]$$

we write: $r_1 = \frac{1}{2}(a_1 + ib_1)$ and $r_2 = \frac{1}{2}(a_2 + ib_2)$

$$\frac{I_S(z)}{I_S(0)} = \frac{1}{4c^2} \left[A e^{a_1 z} + B e^{a_2 z} + C e^{\frac{a_1 + a_2}{2} z} \right]$$

Finally!!

$$\frac{I_S(z)}{I_S(0)} = \frac{1}{4c^2} \left[A e^{(g_S - g_{AS} + \sqrt{(\omega \Psi/2 + i \sin \Psi/2)}) z} + B e^{(g_S - g_{AS} - \sqrt{(\omega \Psi/2 + i \sin \Psi/2)}) z} + 2 e^{(g_S - g_{AS}) z} (\alpha \cos \delta z + \beta \sin \delta z) \right]$$

with:

$$\begin{cases} A = (2g_S - a_2)^2 + b_2^2 = (g_S + g_{AS} + \sqrt{(\omega \Psi/2 + i \sin \Psi/2)})^2 + (\Delta k - \sqrt{(\omega \Psi/2 + i \sin \Psi/2)})^2 \\ B = (a_1 - 2g_S)^2 + b_1^2 = (g_S + g_{AS} - \sqrt{(\omega \Psi/2 + i \sin \Psi/2)})^2 + (\Delta k + \sqrt{(\omega \Psi/2 + i \sin \Psi/2)})^2 \end{cases} \sqrt{2}$$

$$\begin{cases} \delta = \sqrt{\rho} \sin \psi/2 \\ \alpha = \rho - (g_s + g_{AS})^2 - \Delta k^2 \\ \beta = 2\sqrt{\rho} \left[\Delta k \cos \psi/2 + (g_s + g_{AS}) \sin \psi/2 \right] \end{cases}$$

CONCLUSION: we consider two "limit situations"

1st case $\Delta k \gg g_{AS} - g_s$ = strong phase-mismatch

$$\hookrightarrow \rho \approx \Delta k^2 \left[1 + \frac{2(g_{AS} + g_s)^2 - (g_{AS} - g_s)^2}{\Delta k^2} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \rho \approx \Delta k^2$$

and $\psi \approx \pi + \text{Arctan} \frac{2(g_{AS} + g_s)}{\Delta k}$

$$\psi/2 \approx \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{g_{AS} + g_s}{\Delta k}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hookrightarrow g_s - g_{AS} + \sqrt{\rho} \cos \psi/2 &\approx -2g_{AS} & \left| \frac{\alpha}{4\rho} \approx \frac{g_{AS} g_s}{\Delta k^2} \right. \\ \rightarrow \frac{\beta}{4\rho} \approx 1 \text{ and } A \approx 0 & & \left. \left[\frac{\beta}{4\rho} \approx \frac{(g_s + g_{AS})^2}{3\Delta k^3} \right. \right. \\ & & \left. \left. \text{and } S \approx \Delta k \right] \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{F_s(z)}{F_s(0)} = e^{2g_s z} + 2e^{(g_s - g_{AS})z} \left[\frac{g_{AS} g_s}{\Delta k^2} \cos \Delta k z + \frac{(g_s + g_{AS})^2}{3\Delta k^3} \sin \Delta k z \right]$$

- Assuming a long interaction length ($z \gg 1$)
- a low dispersion medium. $n_s \approx n_{AS}$
- Since $\omega_s < \omega_{AS} \Rightarrow g_s > g_{AS}$

$$\left. \left. \left. \frac{F_s(z)}{F_s(0)} \approx e^{2g_s z} \right. \right. \right. \Rightarrow \text{Similar expression to the SRS situation (without coupling between s and AS)}$$

$$\boxed{2^{\text{nd}} \text{ case}} \quad \Delta k \ll g_{\text{AS}} - g_{\text{S}}$$

Phase-matching condition fulfilled

For a long interaction length:

$$\boxed{\frac{I_{\text{S}}(z)}{I_{\text{S}}(0)} = e^{\Gamma z}} \quad \text{with} \quad \boxed{\Gamma = \frac{2g_{\text{AS}}g_{\text{S}}\Delta k^2}{(g_{\text{AS}} - g_{\text{S}})^2} \ll 2g_{\text{S}}}$$

|| lower amplification in presence of the
coupling between Stokes and Anti-Stokes
waves \Rightarrow Condition: $\Delta k \ll g_{\text{AS}} - g_{\text{S}}$